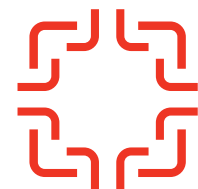


# TP-6076

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Larry Tsai, MD – Chief Medical Officer  
Tetraphase Pharmaceuticals



TETRAPHASE

PHARMACEUTICALS

# Tetraphase Pharmaceuticals Overview

- Tetraphase is developing novel antibiotics for serious and life-threatening Gram-negative MDR infections
- Pipeline of differentiated antibiotics created by proprietary chemistry platform

## XERAVA™ (eravacycline)



## TP-271

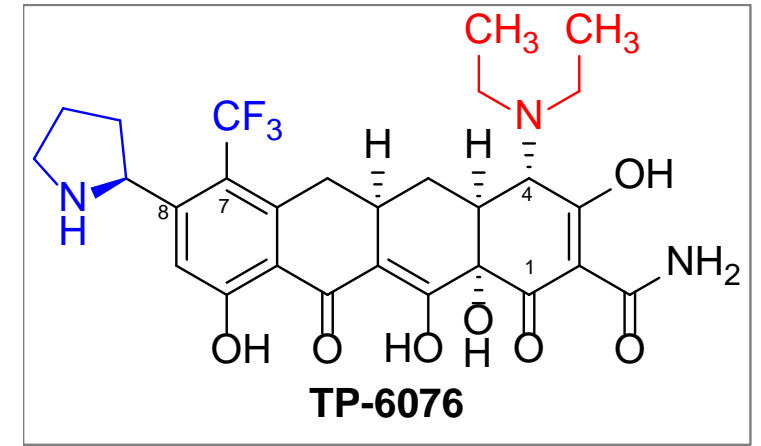


## TP-6076



# TP-6076: Product Overview

- TP-6076 is a novel, synthetic, broad-spectrum antibacterial of the tetracycline class
- In development for the treatment of serious and life-threatening bacterial infections, including those caused by
  - Carbapenem-resistant *Enterobacteriaceae*
  - Multidrug-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii*
- TP-6076 disrupts bacterial protein synthesis by binding to the 30S ribosomal subunit
- Research funding provided by a **CARB-X grant**



Sun C, Deng Y, Hunt D, Fyfe C, Kerstein K, Xiao X. TP-6076, A Fully Synthetic Tetracycline Antibacterial Agent, Is Highly Potent against a Broad Range of Pathogens, including Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae, abstr. SUN-332. Poster presented at ASM Microbe; June 1-5, 2017; New Orleans, LA, USA.

# TP-6076 *In Vitro* Activity Against *E. coli* Recombinantly Expressing Tetracycline Resistance Genes

Antibiotic	MIC ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )								
	EC107	EC969	EC2152	EC970	EC1082	EC1083	EC1827	EC1153	EC971
	25922	tet(M)	tet(Q)	tet(K)	tet(A)	tet(B)	tet(D)	tet(X)	lacZ
<b>TP-6076</b>	0.0078	0.0312	0.0312	0.00039	0.0625	0.0312	0.0156	0.25	0.0078
<b>Tetracycline</b>	1	>64	64	>64	>64	>64	>64	>64	2
<b>Minocycline</b>	0.25	>32	>32	1	8	4	8	2	0.5
<b>Doxycycline</b>	1	32	32	8	32	32	32	8	1
<b>Tigecycline</b>	0.0312	0.25	0.125	0.125	1	0.5	0.25	2	0.125
<b>Ceftriaxone</b>	0.0625	0.125	0.125	0.0625	0.0625	0.0625	0.0625	0.125	0.125

Sun C, Deng Y, Hunt D, Fyfe C, Kerstein K, Xiao X. TP-6076, A Fully Synthetic Tetracycline Antibacterial Agent, Is Highly Potent against a Broad Range of Pathogens, including Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae, abstr. SUN-332. Poster presented at ASM Microbe; June 1-5, 2017; New Orleans, LA, USA.

# TP-6076 *In Vitro* Activity against *Enterobacteriaceae* spp., Including Resistant Phenotypes and Genotypes

- TP-6076 *in vitro* activity was investigated against *Enterobacteriaceae* spp. (n=221) from organism panels from the available CDC/FDA Antibiotic Resistance (AR) Isolate Bank\*
  - *Enterobacteriaceae* genotypes/phenotypes included the following (isolate could have >1 resistance type)
    - MBL+ (n=47)
    - NDM+ (n=37)
    - Caz-Avi Resistant (n=47)
    - RNA methylase+ (30)
    - Fos(A)+ (n=23)
    - Δomp (n=33)
    - TetR<sup>+</sup> (n=71)

\*CDC has one of the largest collections of isolates gathered from national reference labs and tracking activities, taken from specimens in healthcare, food, and the community; Collection panels provided free of charge

Antibiotic	MIC <sub>50/90</sub> in µg/mL	Range
<b>TP-6076</b>	0.031/0.25	0.004 - 1
<b>Tigecycline</b>	0.25/2	0.016 – 8
<b>Minocycline</b>	8/>32	0.25 - >32
<b>Meropenem</b>	4/>32	≤0.016 - >32
<b>Meropenem/ vaborbactam</b>	0.063/>32	≤0.016 - >32
<b>Ceftazidime/ avibactam</b>	1/>32	0.063 - >32
<b>Gentamicin</b>	4/>32	0.125 - >32
<b>Levofloxacin</b>	16/>32	0.031 - >32
<b>Colistin</b>	0.25/>32	0.063 - >32

Includes *E. coli* (63), and species of *Klebsiella* (73), *Enterobacter* (30), *Proteus* (7), *Citrobacter* (7), *Salmonella* (13), *Shigella* (7), *Serratia* (12), *Morganella* (6), *Providencia* (2), *Kluyvera* (1)

Fyfe C, Barry R, Close B, Kerstein K, Nordmann P, Newman J. TP-6076 is active against bacterial isolates carrying emergent resistance types, P655. Poster presented at ASM Microbe; June 7-11, 2018; Atlanta, GA.; <https://www.cdc.gov/drugresistance/resistance-bank/index.html>

# TP-6076 *In Vitro* Activity against XDR *Acinetobacter baumannii*

- Fifty-five XDR *A. baumannii* from organism panels from the available CDC/FDA Antibiotic Resistance (AR) Isolate Bank\*
- Genotypes/phenotypes included the following (isolate could have >1 resistance type)
  - Caz-Avi resistant (OXA identified) (n=54)
  - RNA methylase+ (n=21)
  - TetR+ (n=28)
  - Colistin resistance (n=3)

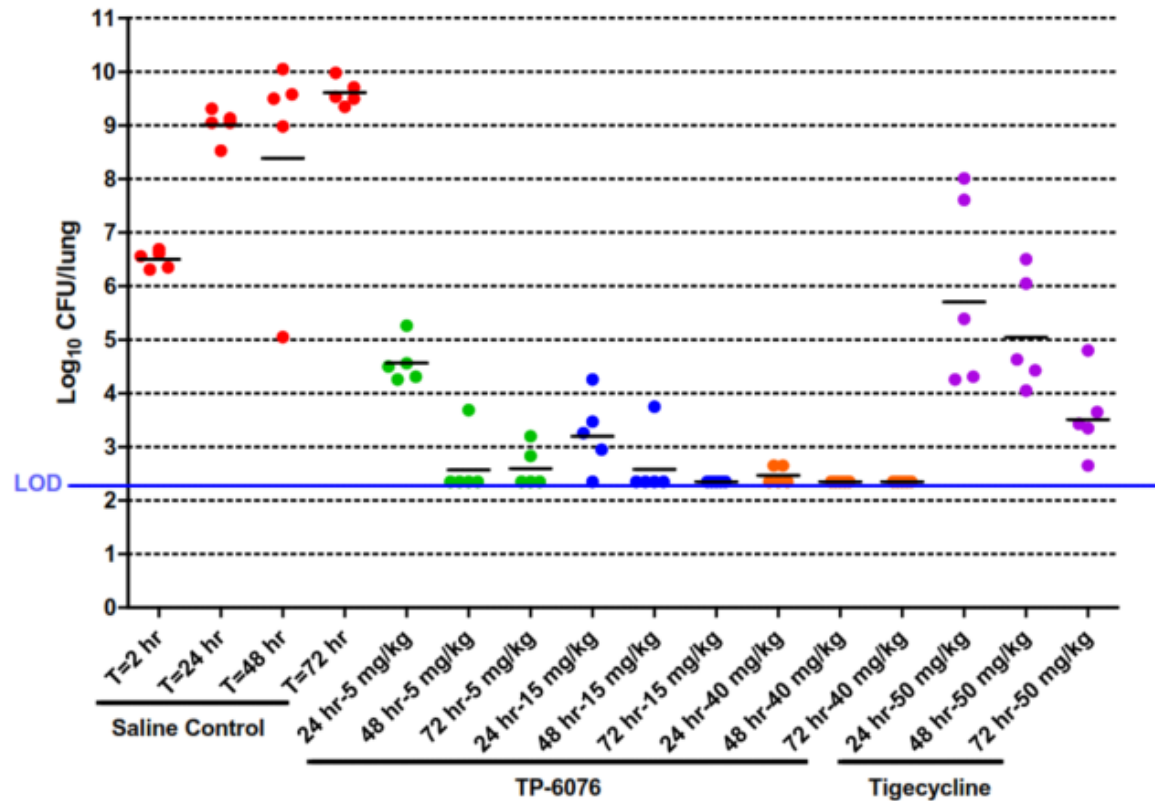
Antibiotic	MIC <sub>50/90</sub> in µg/mL	Range
<b>TP-6076</b>	0.016 / 0.063	≤0.004 - 0.25
<b>Tigecycline</b>	2 / 4	0.031 - 2
<b>Minocycline</b>	8 / 16	≤0.016 - 32
<b>Meropenem</b>	>32 / >32	2 - >32
<b>Meropenem/ vaborbactam</b>	>32/>32	8 - >32
<b>Ceftazidime/ avibactam</b>	>32/>32	8 - >32
<b>Gentamicin</b>	>32 / >32	8 - >32
<b>Levofloxacin</b>	16 / >32	4 - >32
<b>Colistin</b>	0.5 / 4	0.063 - >32

\*CDC has one of the largest collections of isolates gathered from national reference labs and tracking activities, taken from specimens in healthcare, food, and the community; Collection panels provided free of charge

Fyfe C, Barry R, Close B, Kerstein K, Nordmann P, Newman J. TP-6076 is active against bacterial isolates carrying emergent resistance types, P655. Poster presented at ASM Microbe; June 7-11, 2018; Atlanta, GA.; <https://www.cdc.gov/drugresistance/resistance-bank/index.html>

# TP-6076 *In Vivo* Activity

- TP-6076 was shown efficacious against carbapenem-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii* in a Mouse Pneumonia Model



Compound	MIC (µg/mL)
TP-6076	0.008
Tigecycline	1

Grossman TH, Fyfe C, Kerstein K, Xiao X, Sun C, Newman J, Weiss WJ, Dumas J, Sutcliffe JA. TP-6076 is efficacious in a mouse pneumonia model with carbapenem-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii* (CRAB) and retains potency against common tetracycline-resistance mechanisms, abstr. 1731, poster P1310. Poster presented at 26th European Congress of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases; April 9-12, 2016; Amsterdam, Netherlands.

# TP-6076-001 – Study Overview

- Randomized, double-blind, single ascending dose study of TP-6076 IV administered to healthy subjects
- Pharmacokinetics results:

PK Parameter	TP-6076 Dose				
	1.8 mg N = 6	6 mg N = 6	19.2 mg N = 6	40 mg N = 6	60 mg N = 6
$T_{max}$ (h)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
$C_{max}$ ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )	0.0672 (15.3)	0.310 (17.3)	1.220 (21.9)	2.660 (12.1)	3.720 (14.0)
$AUC_{0-24}$ ( $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h/mL}$ )	0.241 (30.0)	1.190 (15.5)	5.170 (22.7)	12.500 (14.2)	17.500 (15.2)
$T_{1/2el}$ (h) <sup>b</sup>	6.94 (0.47) [n=3]	21.46 (4.37)	24.46 (4.58)	28.06 (3.31)	26.35 (4.15)
CL (mL/min)	NC	56.1 (11.0) [n=5]	43.9 (20.7)	37.9 (16.8)	41.0 (12.6)
$V_d$ (L)	NC	97.7 (23.5) [n=5]	91.5 (22.8)	91.7 (20.1)	92.6 (24.8)

Values presented are Geometric Mean (Geometric CV%)  
NC = not calculated

- Following single IV doses of TP-6076, exposure to TP-6076 increased with dose
- Peak ( $C_{max}$ ) and total exposure ( $AUC_{0-inf}$ ) increased in a slightly greater than dose proportional manner over the 1.8 mg to 60 mg dose range

Tsai L, Redican S, Horn P. Safety, Tolerability and Pharmacokinetics of Single Doses of TP-6076, a Novel Fully Synthetic Tetracycline, in a Phase 1 Study, abstr. #Oral8. Oral presentation presented at ASM Microbe; June 1-5, 2017; New Orleans, LA, USA.



# TP-6076-001 Study Results – Safety and Tolerability

System Organ Class Preferred term	TP-6076 Dose					All	All
	1.8 mg N = 6	6 mg N = 6	19.2 mg N = 6	40 mg N = 6	60 mg N = 6	Active N = 30	Placebo N = 10
<b>Gastrointestinal Disorders</b>	1 (16.7)	0	0	1 (16.7)	4 (66.7)	6 (20.0)	2 (20.0)
Nausea	1 (16.7)	0	0	1 (16.7)	3 (50.0)	5 (16.7)	2 (20.0)
Constipation	0	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	1 (3.3)*	0
Vomiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (10.0)
<b>Nervous System Disorders</b>	0	0	1 (16.7)	1 (16.7)	1 (16.7)	3 (10.0)	1 (10.0)
Headache	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	0	1 (3.3)	1 (10.0)
Dizziness	0	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	1 (3.3)	0
Restless legs syndrome	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	1 (3.3)	0
<b>General Disorders and Administrative Site Conditions</b>	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	0	1 (3.3)	2 (20.0)
Feeling hot	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	0	0	1 (10.0)
Medical device site reaction	0	0	0	0	0	1 (3.3)	0
Vessel puncture site bruise	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (10.0)
<b>Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders</b>	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	1 (16.7)	2 (6.7)	0
Decreased appetite	0	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	1 (3.3)	0
Dehydration	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	1 (3.3)	0
<b>Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders</b>	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	1 (3.3)	1 (10.0)
Myalgia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (10.0)
Pain in extremity	0	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	1 (3.3)	0
<b>Reproductive System and Breast Disorders</b>	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	0	1 (3.3)	1 (10.0)
Dysmenorrhoea	0	0	1 (16.7)	0	0	1 (3.3)	1 (10.0)
<b>Infections and Infestations</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (10.0)
Nasopharyngitis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (10.0)

- TP-6076 was well tolerated when administered as a single IV dose up to 60 mg
- There were no deaths and no serious or severe TEAEs reported during the study, and no subject was withdrawn as a result of a TEAE
- There were no clinically significant findings in any laboratory assessments, vital signs, ECGs or physical examinations

Tsai L, Redican S, Horn P. Safety, Tolerability and Pharmacokinetics of Single Doses of TP-6076, a Novel Fully Synthetic Tetracycline, in a Phase 1 Study, abstr. #Oral8. Oral presentation presented at ASM Microbe; June 1-5, 2017; New Orleans, LA, USA.

# TP-6076 Multiple Ascending Dose (MAD) Study

- Randomized, double-blind, multiple ascending dose study of TP-6076 IV administered to healthy subjects
- The geometric mean derived PK parameters for TP-6076 were:

TP-6076 Dose (mg)	AUC <sub>0-tau</sub> (µg*h/mL)		T <sub>1/2</sub> (h)
	Day 1	Day 7	Day 7
6	1.034	1.621	21.2
20	4.871	7.139	27.7
30	6.382	10.149	28.4
35	7.842	10.825	28.8
40	9.433	12.698	25.8

- No serious or severe AEs reported. The most frequently reported AEs were gastrointestinal events, including nausea and vomiting, and localized infusion site reactions.
- No clinically significant changes in clinical laboratory values, ECG parameters or physical exam findings.

Full study results to be presented at IDWeek 2018  
**Friday, October 5 12:30-1:45 PM**  
**Novel Agents Poster Session**  
**Poster #1371**

# TP-6076 Summary

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- TP-6076 exhibits low MICs against MDR Gram-negative organisms
    - *Enterobacteriaceae* MIC<sub>90</sub> = 0.5 µg/mL
    - *A. baumannii* MIC<sub>90</sub> = 0.06 µg/mL
  - TP-6076 is minimally affected by major mechanisms of tetracycline efflux and ribosomal protection
  - TP-6076 MICs are largely unaffected by common mechanisms of resistance (KPC, MBL, OXA, RNA methylases)
  - *In vivo* activity against both CRAB in neutropenic murine lung models
  - Completed Phase 1 SAD and MAD clinical studies
  - Clinical development plan will target patients with serious infections caused by *A. baumannii*
- 
- TP-6076 occupies a unique space in the current development pipeline
    - Multiple Gram-negative agents in development, but they are not always effective against *Acinetobacter*
    - Heavy use of BLI combinations and colistin expected to drive resistance towards MBL, OXA and/or *mcr-1* producers
    - TP-6076 holds the potential to address these resistance mechanisms